

# Swapping variables in the closure

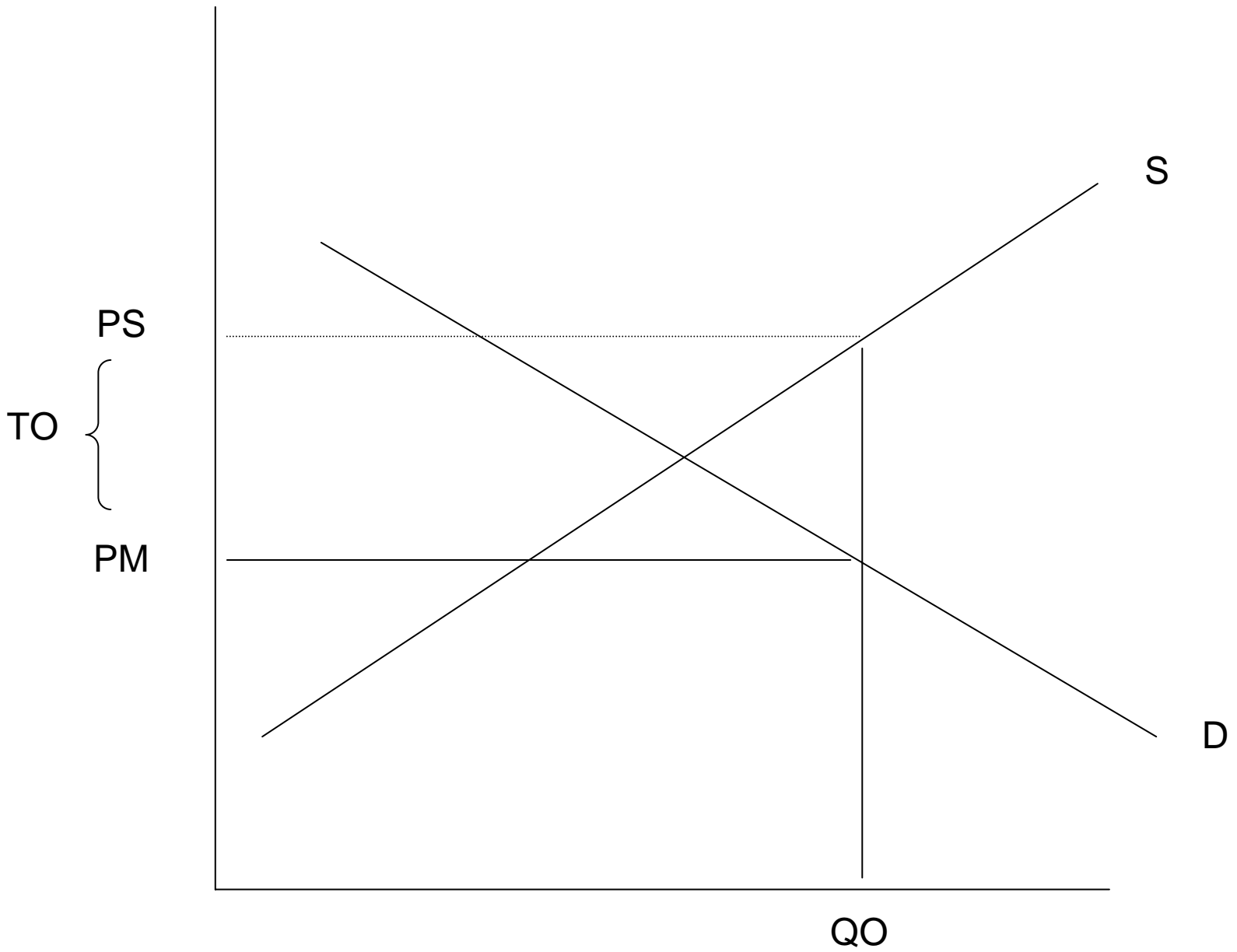
# Swapping variables

- Endogenous & exogenous variables can be 'swapped' in the closure
- BUT must always have same number of endogenous variables as there are equations in the model
- Think carefully about the appropriate variable to include in the swap

# Review

- Our data shows an output subsidy on food production in the EU
- This subsidy per unit of output is the difference between the price paid to producer (PS) and the market price (PM)
  - with  $PS > PM$ .
- In the first experiment, both PS and PM fell by 1.09%
- As a result, food output in the EU also fell, by 3.53%

- If government is subsidising producers, then the fall in price need NOT result in a fall in supply
- Instead, the government could INCREASE the subsidy, so as to maintain the producer price (PS) at its original level
- There could be NO supply response



- To simulate this, we will hold  $QO(\text{"food"}, \text{"eu"})$  constant
  - This fixes food production at the base level and
  - $qo(\text{"food"}, \text{"eu"})$  will equal zero
- But if market price falls, we will have to allow the output subsidy to increase.
- So *to* will have to be made endogenous

# to(i,r)

- Look in GTAP.TAB for to(i,r)
  - i=NSAV\_COMM
  - r=REG
- Also check in GTAP.TAB for the contents of NSAV\_COMM.
- We see that NSAV\_COMM comprises the sets
  - ENDW\_COMM, TRAD\_COMM and CGDS\_COMM

# The swap

- Therefore  $to(i,r)$  comprises several values
- We want to make  $to(\text{"food"}, \text{"eu"})$  endogenous
- We will swap it with  $qo(\text{"food"}, \text{"eu"})$  which becomes exogenous
- But there are still many other components of  $to(i,j)$  that are to remain exogenous



# They are....

- *to*("mnfcs", "eu")
- *to*("svces", "eu")
- *to*(ENDW\_COMM, "eu")
- *to*(CGDS\_COMM, "eu")
- *to*(NSAV\_COMM, "ssa")
- *to*(NSAV\_COMM, "row")

## Setting up the simulation: the Closure

- In RunGTAP load the *tariff1* experiment:
- In the Closure:
- **Add** *qo*("food", "eu")
- **Delete** *to*
- **Add:**
- *to*("mnfcs", "eu")
- *to*("svces", "eu")
- *to*(ENDW\_COMM, "eu")
- *to*(CGDS\_COMM, "eu")
- *to*(NSAV\_COMM, "ssa")
- *to*(NSAV\_COMM, "row")

- Check the shock – keep the same as in the *tariff1* experiment
- Save this experiment:
- File name **fixqo**
- Description **tariff1 with fixed EU food output**
- Now SOLVE

# The solution

- For “food” and “eu” we find:
  - $qo=0$
  - $ps=-1.99\%$
  - $pm=-4.56\%$
  - $to=+2.70\%$
- The ratio VOA/VOM has risen by 2.7%
- The EU’s welfare loss is much greater than in the *tariff1* experiment—WHY?

- The tricky part with swaps is getting the closure right!!
- $to(i,r)$  has many components
- You need to be very sure about the elements in each set
- Make sure each combination of those elements is included in the closure